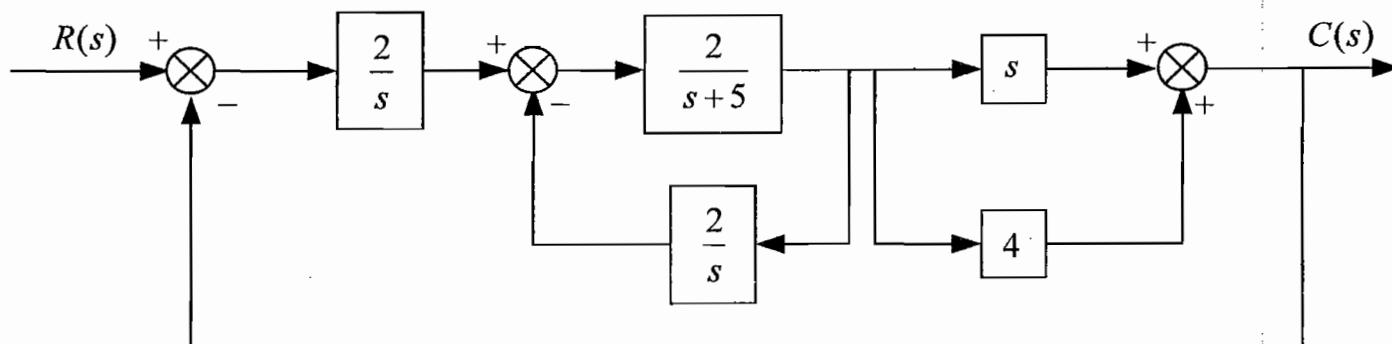




## 大葉大學九十八學年度研究所碩士班招生考試試題紙

系 所 別	組別	考 試 科 目 ( 中 文 名 稱 )	考 試 日 期	節 次	備註
機械與自動化工程學系碩士班	乙、丙	自動控制 或 應用力學	4月12日 10:40~12:40	第二節	1. 共三頁。可使用不可程式計算機 2. 應用力學或自動控制各佔五題，考生任選五題作答。

1.



(a) For the above system, find the transfer function  $T(s) = \frac{C(s)}{R(s)}$  (10%)

(b) If the input  $R(s) = \frac{1}{s}$ , obtain the system time response  $c(t)$ . (10%)

2. For the system with the closed-loop transfer function as

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{1}{s^3 + 5s^2 + 6s + K}.$$

Plot the root locus as parameter  $K$  varies. List all your procedures. (20%)

3. For the system :

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{(s+2)}{s^3 + 2s^2 + s + K}$$

(a) By Routh-Hurwitz criterion, find the range of  $K$  for which the system is stable. (10%)

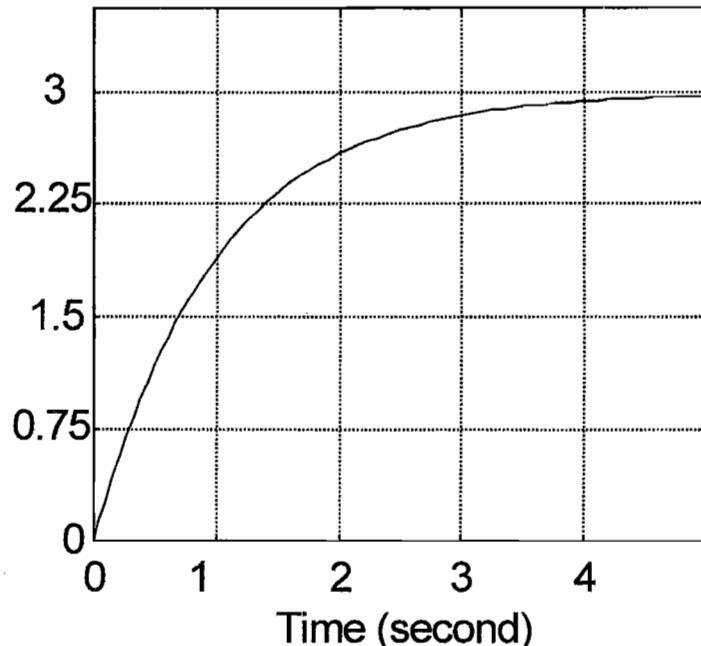
(b) When the input  $R(s) = \frac{1}{s}$ , determine the steady-state error  $e_{ss} = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} e(t)$ . (10%)

(Note:  $e(t) = r(t) - y(t)$ ).

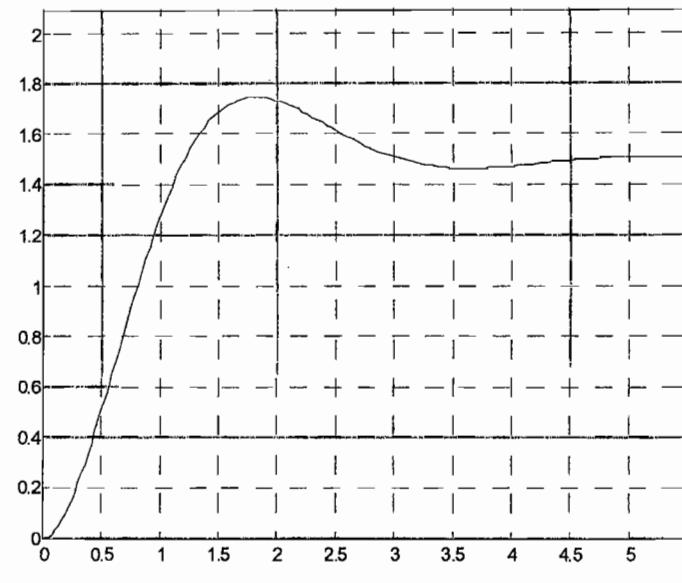
4. For each of the unit step response shown below, find the parameters in the transfer function of each system

$$(a) \ G(s) = \frac{k}{s+a} \quad (10\%)$$

$$(b) \ G(s) = \frac{k}{s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2} \quad (10\%)$$



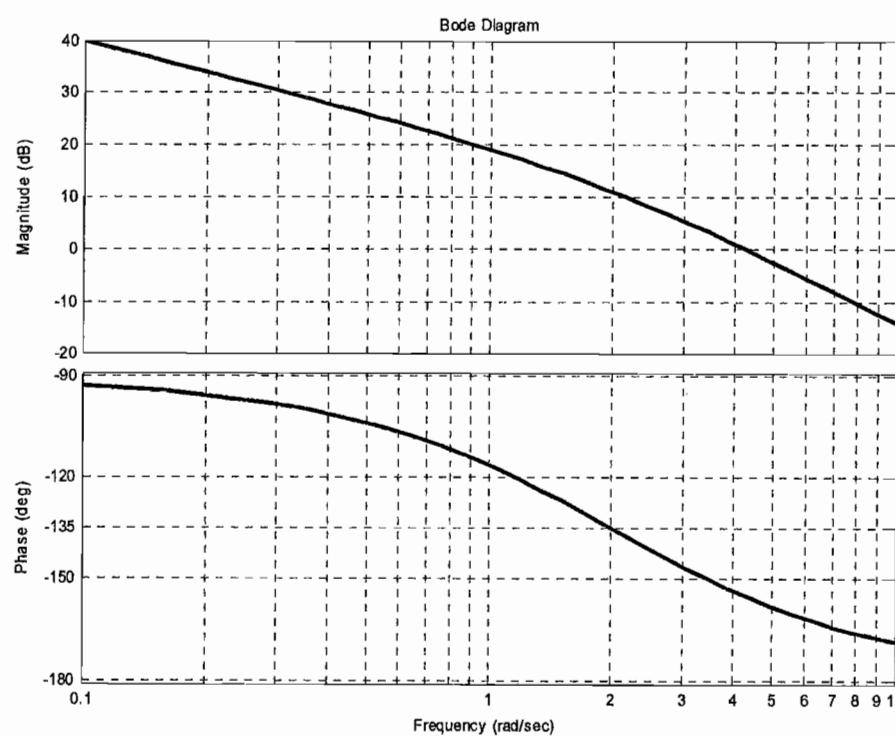
(a)



(b)

5. If the Bode plot of  $G(s) = \frac{K}{s(\tau s + 1)}$  is plotted as following,

- a. Find the value of  $K$  and  $\tau$  from the plot. (15%)
- b. What is the bandwidth of this system. (5%)



6. As shown in Figure 1, the man pulls on the cord with a force of 350 N. Represent this force, acting on the support A, as a Cartesian vector and determine its direction. (20 %)

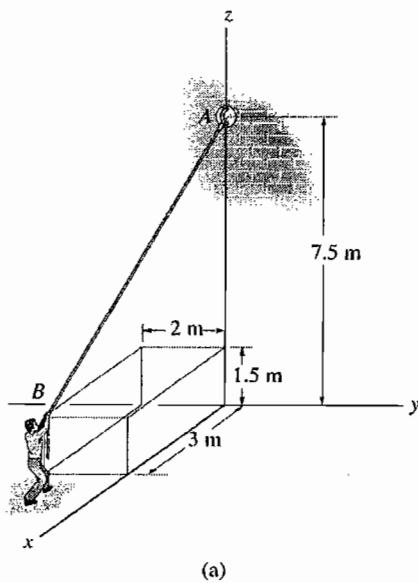
7. As shown in Figure 2, the thin rod of weight  $W$  rests against the smooth wall and floor. Determine the magnitude of force  $P$  needed to hold it in equilibrium. (20 %)

8. As shown in Figure 3,  $m_A = 100 \text{ Kg}$ ,  $m_B = 150 \text{ Kg}$ . Determine the accelerations of block A for both cases. (20 %)

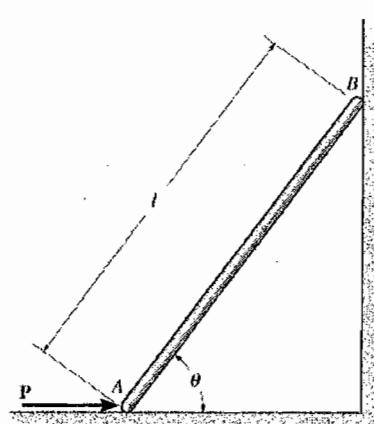
9. As in Figure 4, the ball has a mass of 1.0 kg and a speed  $v = 10 \text{ m/s}$  at the instant it is at its lowest point A ( $\theta = 0^\circ$ ). Determine the tension in the cord and the speed at the instant  $\theta = 90^\circ$ . (20 %)

10. As in Figure 5,  $A=60 \text{ Kg}$ ,  $B=20 \text{ Kg}$ ,  $\mu = 0.1$ , released from rest. Find the acceleration of block A. (20 %)

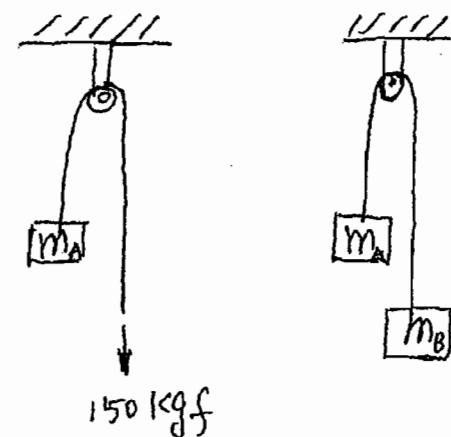
**Figure 1**



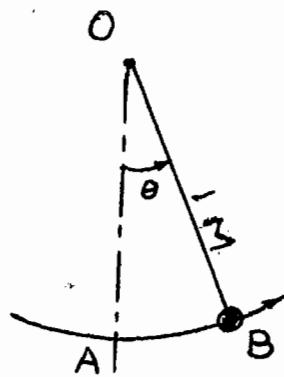
**Figure 2**



**Figure 3**



**Figure 4**



**Figure 5**

