大葉大學 98 學年度 研究所碩士班 招生考試試題紙						
系 所 別	組別	考 試 科 目 (中文名稱)	考 試 日 期	節次	備言	挂
生物資源學系碩士班主	甲	普通生物學(以生物化學及生態學 爲主)	4月12日	第一節	艾2頁-	-

註:考生可否攜帶計算機或其他資料作答,請在備註欄註明(如未註明,一律不准攜帶)

082300 (0200)

請由下列考試題目中選取 5 題進行作答,每題 20 分。選取超過 5 題者,以所選取之第 6 個題目後,皆不計分。

1. Amino acid analysis of an oligopeptide seven residues long gave

Asp Leu Lys Met Phe Tyr

The following facts were observed:

- a. Trypsin treatment had no apparent effect.
- b. The phenylthiohydantoin released by Edman degradation was

- c. Brief chymotrypsin treatment yielded several products including a dipeptide and a tetrapeptide. The amino acid composition of the tetrapeptide was Leu, Lys, and Met.
- d. Cyanogen bromide treatment yielded a dipeptide, a tetrapeptide, and free Lys. What is the amino acid sequence of this heptapeptide?
- 2. For each of following disaccharides what are their monosaccharide components? Which are reducing sugars?
 - a. lactose, b. sucrose, c. maltose.
- 3. The sequence for activation of the release of fatty acids from adipose cells is: A. protein kinase activation; B. cAMP production; C. triacylglycerol lipase activation; D. fatty acid binding to serum albumin; E. hormone binding receptor; F. adenylyl cyclase activation; C. diacylglycerol lipase and monoacylglycerol lipase.

Please choose the correct one from following orders, and explain the sequence as possible as you can.

- (a) E, F, B, A, C, G, D
- (b) F, E, B, A, D, G, C
- (c) F, E, B, A, D, C, G
- (d) E, F, B, C, A, D, G
- (e) E, F, B, C, A, G, D
- 4. List the reactions of glycolysis that
 - (A) consume ATP.
 - (B) yield ATP.

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生物資源學氣碩士弘	甲	普通生物學(以生物化學及生態學 爲主)	4月12日	第一節	艾2頁	-2

註:考生可否攜帶計算機或其他資料作答,請在備註欄註明(如未註明,一律不准攜帶)

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- 5. Please compare the structural differences of mRNA between eukaryotic cells and prokaryotic cells.
- 6. (1) 昆蟲可說是現今地球上種類最多、分佈最廣的生物類群,其成功的因素 為何?
 - (2) 在昆蟲的生態學研究中發現有 Mutualism 與 Eusocioality 的現象,請問「Mutualism 主要的兩種形式」與「Eusocioality 之特徵」各為何?
- 7. (1) 何謂「Biomes」?何謂「Niche」?
 - (2) 為什麼熱帶雨林的生物多樣性比別的 biomes 高?
- 8. 研究族群生態時,生物的生活史(life history) 可以區分成 r-selection 或是 k-selection,舉例 並解釋之?
- Immigration to near islands

 Immigration to near islands

 Immigration to far islands

 S small. fur S large, far S small, near S large, near
- 9. (1) 何謂「生物地理學」?
 - (2) 請依據右圖,說明「島嶼生物地理」之 理論與原則。
- 10. (1) 請分別解釋「Species Richness」、「Species Evenness」、「Species Abundance」與「Species Diversity」
 - (2) 我們研究台灣中部某地闊葉林中森林鳥類 community 組成時,記錄得以下數據,試以所附公式計算 Shannon-Wiener diversity index H'?

種類	A	В	С	D
數量(隻)	3	2	12	0

(參考數值: ln 2 = 0.69, ln 3 = 1.1, ln 5 = 1.6)

$$H' = -\sum_{i=1}^{s} p_i \ln p_i$$