	大	. 葉	大	學	9	6	學	年	度	轉	學	招	生	考	試	試	題	紙			
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生物產業科科	Ł	B	107-	έp		111		-	青山	唐祥	发生	物	AN AN	7月	31	E	Ø	-	¥ =	夏	p=-1
註:考生可否攜帶	十1	 库機或	其他	 資料	作	¥ , '	請在			主明(	如未	註明		, ·律不	准攜	帶)	•	3:3	0 0	~ 14	, :50

選擇題(單選題,共25題,每題4分)

- 1. Fungal infections are called:
  - A. myelomas
  - B. mycoses
- 2. Which method regularly yields subsurface colonies in the finished plate?
  - A. loop dilution
  - B. streak plate
- 3. Like MacConkey agar, \_\_ broth and \_\_ agar are rich in nutrients suitable for hard-to-grow microbes.
  - A. gelatin, minimal
  - B. nutrient, blood
- 4. Most fungi are saprobes, thus they are also \_\_\_\_\_ but not necessarily \_\_\_.
  - A. parasitic, heterotrophic
  - B. heterotrophic, parasitic
- 5. Fungal identification and classification based on spores and their \_\_\_\_ are more distinctive than identification based on alone.
  - A. sporangia, hyphae
  - B. gender, septa
- 6. The cultivated growth following inoculation of any nutrient media is called a:
  - A. culture
  - B. colony
- 7. Peptone is partially \_\_ protein that is used as a \_\_ of amino acids, nitrogen and carbon.
  - A. digested, sourceB. coagulated, stabilizer
- 8. The Svedberg constant of the combined eucaryotic ribosome (60S

and 40S subunits) is: A. 80S

B. 100S

- 9. Mitochondria and chloroplasts are organelles that can:
  - A. replicate without the nucleus
  - B. live independently of the cell
- 10. To determine whether a test microbe metabolizes a certain substrate, we use a:
  - A. complex, nonsynthetic medium
  - B. minimal, synthetic medium
- 11. A colony on or embedded in solid media is pure if it is not touching a neighbor.
  - A. always true
  - B. usually true
- 12. Some \_\_\_\_ fungi are also \_\_\_\_
  - A. saprobic, free-living
  - B. parasitic, pathogenic
- 13. In SIM medium, what does the I stands for?
  - A. iron sulfide
  - B. indole reaction
- 14. A few fungi are \_\_ but none are \_\_ .
  - A. parasitic, photosyntheticB. photosynthetic, parasitic
- 15. The basic distinction between a nutrient broth and solid media is in the absence or presence of a:
  - A. dissolving agent
  - B. solidifying agent
- 16. In general, gram <u>bacteria</u> are inhibited by bile salts more than gram enteric bacteria.
  - A. positive, negativeB. negative, positive
- 17. The term that describes fungi that are able to switch from unicellular to filamentous forms is \_\_\_\_.
  - A. metamorphic
  - B. dimorphic

Page 1

大	莱大學	96季	年度轉學招生	考试试	題	<b>K</b>
學 余	部別: 日間部/第二部/ 進修學士班/四技	年級	考试科目 (中文名稱)	考試日期	節次	備註
生物產業科校	日间带	11	普通微生物学	7月31日	Ū	#= # p2-2

註:考生可否攜帶計算機或其他資料作答,請在備註欄註明(如未註明,一律不准攜帶)。

- 18. Broths, milks, or infusions are generally \_\_\_ media that remain \_\_\_ at refrigerator temperature.
  - A. suspension, settled
  - B. liquid, fluid
- 19. Agar is a complex \_\_\_\_\_ derived from \_\_\_\_, an edible red seaweed.
  - A. lipoprotein, Eukary
  - B. polysaccharide, Gelidium
- 20. Nutrient medium containing blood, serum, vitamins and growth factors needed for fastidious organisms is characteristic of:
  - A. general purpose mediaB. enriched media
- 21. Although cellulose is found in both, chitin is the primary cell wall component of \_\_\_\_ whereas in \_\_\_, pectins, mannans, and minerals predominate.
  - A. algae, fungiB. fungi, algae

- 22. The firmness or melting point of semisolid media and reversibly solid media is adjusted by:
  - A. agar or gelatin concentration
  - B. duration of heating
- 23. Subsurface hyphae that provide anchoring are called \_\_\_\_\_, and those that function for nutrient absorption are called \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. rhizoids, vegetative hyphae
  - B. pseudohyphae, mycelia
- 24. A \_\_\_\_\_ may be described as a chain of buds formed by some species of yeast as part of their reproductive cycle.
  - A. dimorphic hyphae
  - B. pseudohyphae
- 25. Aside from plants and algae, this is yet another group of photosynthetic organisms:
  - A. fungi
  - B. cyanobacteria