	<i>j</i>	大 葉	大	學	9 4	學	年	度	轉	學	招	生	考	試	試	題	紙		
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註:考生可否攜帶計算機或其他資料作答,請在備註欄註明(如未註明,一律不准攜帶)

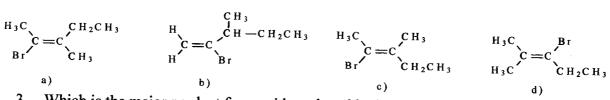
共二頁

## 一、單選題, 每題六分

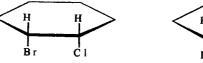
1. Which is the IUPAC name for the following structure?

$$CH_3$$
 $H_3C - CH = CH_2$ 
 $CH_2 - CH_3$ 

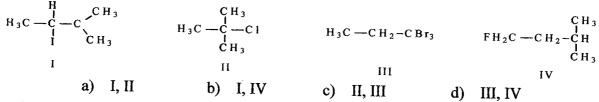
- a) 3,3-dimethyl-4-pentene
- b) 3-methyl-3-ethyl-1-butene
- c) isopropylpentene
- d) 3,3-dimethyl-1-pentene
- 2. Which structure is Z-2-bromo-3-methyl-2-pentene?



- 3. Which is the major product from acid catalyzed hydration of 2-methyl-2-pentene?
  - a) 2-methyl-3-pentanol
- b) 2-methyl-2-pentanol
- c) 4-methyl-2-pentanol
- d) 3-methyl-3-pentanol
- 4. What is the relationship between these two structures?



- a) identical structures
- b) enantiomers
- c) diastereomers
- d) constitutional isomers
- 5. Which compounds are primary halides?



6. Which is the IUPAC name for the following structure?



- a) cyclohexenol
- b) 3-cyclohexen-1-ol
- c) 1-cyclohexen-4-ol
- d) 4-cyclohexenol
- 7. Arrange the compounds in order of increasing acidity (least first).
  - a) I, II, III, IV b) III, II, IV, I c) I, IV, III, II d) II, III, IV, I

    OH
    OH
    OH
    NO2
    I
    III
    III
    IV

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系	組	別	日\ 第二部	年級	考 試 科 目 (中文名稱)	考試日期	節次	備註
生物	建料板	当分	A,	=	存机性	7月12日	3	P2-2

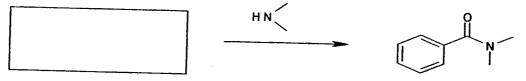
註:考生可否攜帶計算機或其他資料作答,請在備註欄註明(如未註明,一律不准攜帶)

8. Arrange the following in order of increasing strength of the hydrogen bonds (weakest first).

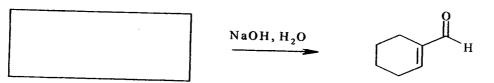
I. H<sub>2</sub>NH-----OH<sub>2</sub>II. H<sub>3</sub>N------HOHIV. H<sub>3</sub>N-------HOH

- a) I, II, III, IV b) II, IV, I, III c) II, IV, III d) I, IV, II, III
- 9. How many chiral ketones are there that have the molecular formula  $C_6H_{12}O$ ?
  - a) 1 b) 2 c) 3 d) 4
- 10. Which is the IUPAC name for the following compound?

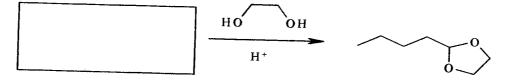
- a) 5-oxohexanoic acid
- b) 2-oxohexanoic acid
- c) methyl butyroxo ketone
- d) 4-ketopentanoic acid
- 二、簡答題,每題十分,請寫出底下各題方格中正確之化合物之結構
- 11. The starting material that completes the following reaction is,



12. The starting material that completes the following reaction is,



13. The starting material that completes the following reaction is,



14. The starting material needed to complete the following reaction is,

